

# SoonerCare Fast Facts

## March 2014

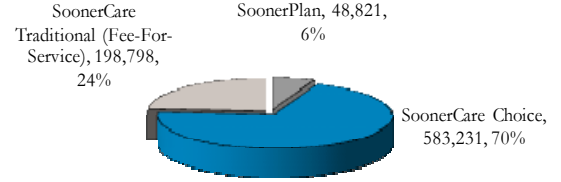


### TOTAL ENROLLMENT — OKLAHOMA SOONERCARE (MEDICAID)

Qualifying Group	Age Group	Enrollment	% of Total
Aged/Blind/Disabled	Child	19,114	2.30%
Aged/Blind/Disabled	Adult	134,312	16.17%
Children/Parents	Child	515,685	62.07%
Children/Parents	Adult	89,753	10.80%
Other	Child	109	0.01%
Other	Adult	21,978	2.65%
Oklahoma Cares (Breast & Cervical Cancer)		572	0.07%
SoonerPlan (Family Planning)		48,821	5.88%
TEFRA		506	0.06%

<b>Total Enrollment</b>	<b>830,850</b>	<b>Adults</b>	<b>290,854</b>	<b>35%</b>
		<b>Children</b>	<b>539,996</b>	<b>65%</b>

### Delivery System Breakdown of Total Enrollment



### Other Enrollment Facts

Total Enrollment including Insure Oklahoma — **850,420**  
 Unduplicated enrollees State Fiscal Year-to-Date (July through report month including Insure Oklahoma) — **986,706**

### Other Breakdowns of Total Enrollment

Oklahoma SoonerCare (Medicaid) members residing in a long-term care facility — 15,321  
 Oklahoma persons enrolled in both Medicare and Medicaid (Dual Enrollees) — 109,645  
 SoonerCare (Medicaid) members enrolled in Home and Community-Based Services (HCBS) Waivers — **22,605**

\*Effective Jan 1, 2014, SoonerPlan and full scope pregnancy benefits Federal Poverty Level income limit decreased to 133% from 185%.

OTHER Group includes—DDSD State-PKU-Q1-Q2-Refugee-SLM B-Soon to be Sooners (STBS) and TB patients. The Total Enrollment figure makes up 476,739 cases. A case is used to group members of the same family living in the same household.

For more information go to [www.okhca.org](http://www.okhca.org) under Individuals then to Programs. Insure Oklahoma members are NOT included in the figures above.

Unless stated otherwise, CHILD is defined as an individual under the age of 21.

Note that all subsequent figures are groups within the above total enrollment numbers (except Insure Oklahoma). SoonerPlan members are not entitled to the full scope of benefits only family planning services are covered.

The Insure Oklahoma is a program to assist qualifying small business owners, employees & their spouses (Employer-Sponsored Insurance—ESI) with health insurance premiums and some individual Oklahomans (Individual Plan—IP) with limited health coverage. [www.insureoklahoma.org](http://www.insureoklahoma.org)

Small Businesses Enrolled in ESI	Employees w/ ESI	Individual Plan (IP) Members
<b>4,367</b>	<b>14,750</b>	<b>4,820</b>

### New Enrollees

Oklahoma SoonerCare members that have not been enrolled in the past 6 months.

Adults	8,347
Children	10,090
<b>Total</b>	<b>18,437</b>

### CHIP Breakdown of Total Enrollment

Members qualifying for SoonerCare (Medicaid) eligibility under the CHIP program are under age 19 and have income between the maximum for standard eligibility and the expanded 185% of Federal Poverty Level (FPL) income guidelines.

Age Breakdown	% of FPL	CHIP Enrollees
INSURE OK DEPENDENTS (ESI)		
PRENATAL		
INFANT	150% to 185%	
01-05	133% to 185%	
06-12	100% to 185%	
13-18	100% to 185%	
<b>Total</b>		

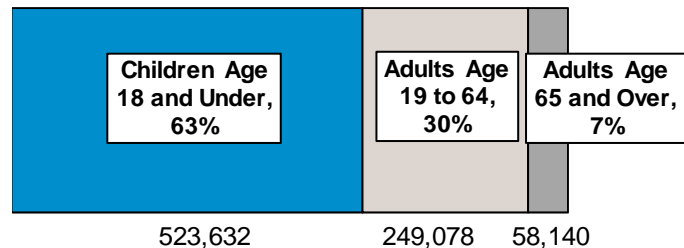
Data is currently unavailable.

### Race Breakdown of Total Enrollment

	Children	Adults	Percent	Pregnant Women
American Indian	64,968	24,647	11%	2,849
Asian or Pacific Islander	9,215	4,712	2%	644
Black or African American	65,378	39,377	13%	2,419
Caucasian	335,568	205,999	65%	16,884
Multiple Race	52,320	11,944	8%	1,661
Declined to Answer	12,547	4,175	2.01%	814
<b>Hispanic Ethnicity</b>	<b>111,165</b>	<b>19,953</b>	<b>16%</b>	<b>4,868</b>

Race is self-reported by members at the time of enrollment. The multiple race members have selected two or more races. Hispanic is an ethnicity not a race. Hispanics can be of any race and are accounted for in a race category above.

### Age Breakdown of Total Enrollment

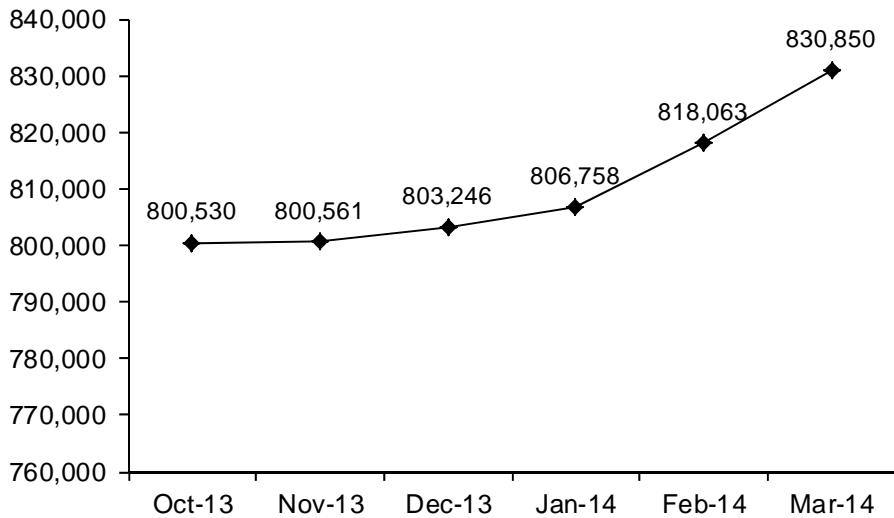


Data was compiled as of the report date. Numbers frequently change due to certifications occurring after the data is extracted and other factors. This report is based on data within the system prior to the report date. A majority of the data is a "point in time" representation of the specific report month and is not cumulative. Unless stated otherwise, CHILD is defined as an individual under the age of 21. The data is valid as of the report date and is subject to change.

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### Total Enrollment Trend



The increase beginning in January 2014 was by majority due to the requirement to maintain coverage through March 2014.

March 24, 2014

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### OHCA Adds New Measure To Combat Public Crisis Of Prescription Drug Abuse

*The mission of the OHCA Lock-In Program is to assist health care providers in monitoring potential abuse or inappropriate utilization of controlled prescription medications by SoonerCare members.*

The Oklahoma Health Care Authority (OHCA) has a new weapon in the war against prescription drug abuse. The agency has ramped-up its Pharmacy Lock-in Program so that certain SoonerCare (Oklahoma Medicaid) members cannot receive controlled substances from more than one health care provider. The measure aims to deter the practice of doctor shopping and prevent the possibility of accidental drug overdose – a growing and deadly problem in Oklahoma. The new lock-in requirement begins in summer 2014.

“We simply feel this is a necessary change to create a more effective and relevant lock-in program,” said OHCA’s Health Care Management Medical Director, Dr. Mike Herndon. “We believe this additional measure will have a significant impact on the number of prescriptions those members who are in the Lock-in Program are able to acquire.”

Presently, those SoonerCare members who are at risk of misusing prescribed controlled substances are restricted to the use of one pharmacy to fill all of their medications. The new requirement will limit these members to using both a single pharmacy and prescriber (health care provider). Pharmacy claims will be blocked from a prescriber who is not the lock-in member’s authorized prescriber. However, this lock-in will only apply to controlled substance prescriptions, including the painkillers Hydrocodone and Oxycodone.

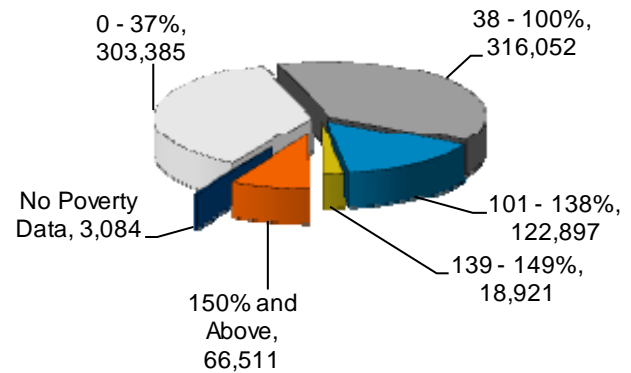
Prescription drug abuse is an epidemic in Oklahoma, particularly in regard to narcotics. According to a recent report by the Trust for America’s Health, the Sooner state has the fifth highest drug overdose mortality rate in the U.S., a rate that tripled from 1999 to 2010. Other facts include:

- Oklahoma ranks eighth nationally for prescription drug addiction;
- Oklahoma pharmacies filled nearly 10 million prescriptions for narcotic painkillers and other controlled substances in 2013;
- Non-medical use of prescription painkillers occurs in about 5 percent of the population;
- Most Oklahomans who abuse prescription painkillers get them from their doctor or an acquaintance; and
- Most of Oklahoma’s drug-related deaths involve multiple substances.

The primary goal of the new OHCA lock-in provision is for SoonerCare members to receive the prescribed medication they need (including prescription painkillers) in the safest manner possible.

“This measure should not impact those members who seek to legitimately control their chronic pain since only those members who have been identified as being at risk for abuse, misuse or diversion are in the lock-in program,” said Herndon. “This change actually put us more in line with other state Medicaid agencies’ lock-in policies.”

### Percent of Federal Poverty Level Totals



The “No Poverty Data” group consists of members with no poverty data and members enrolled with an aid category of U- DDSD State, R2 - OJA not incarcerated, or R4 - OJA incarcerated. These aid categories do not require poverty data or do not use the poverty data.